

Derivirane greške

Apsolutna greška $\epsilon_A = \Delta a$

Relativna greška $\epsilon_R = \frac{\Delta a}{a}$

Ako se ima a i b i d , kad

$$\bullet a + b = d \text{ ili } a - b = d \rightarrow \Delta d = \Delta a + \Delta b$$
$$= \epsilon_A(a) + \epsilon_A(b)$$

$$\bullet a \cdot b = d \text{ ili } a/b = d \rightarrow \frac{\Delta d}{d} = \frac{\Delta a}{a} + \frac{\Delta b}{b}$$

$$\epsilon_R(d) = \epsilon_R(a) + \epsilon_R(b)$$

$$\bullet d = a e^{\pm kb}$$

$$\frac{\Delta d}{d} = k \Delta b$$

1. Ima se cilindar gdje $r = (12.05 \pm 0.05) \text{ mm}$
i $h = (27.15 \pm 0.01) \text{ mm}$

Izračunati volumen cilindra i njegovu grešku

$$A = \pi r^2 = \pi r r$$

$$V = A h$$

$$\pi = 3.1415926$$

$$A = 456.167 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\Delta A = \left(\frac{\Delta r}{r} + \frac{\Delta r}{r} \right) A = 3.786 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V = 12.384.9 \text{ mm}^3 = 12.3849 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\Delta V = \left(\frac{\Delta h}{h} + \frac{\Delta A}{A} \right) \cdot V = 0.1074 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V = (12.4 \pm 0.1) \text{ cm}^3$$

2. Dane su mjere

$$a = (55 \pm 1) \text{ m}$$

$$b = (8,3 \pm 0,1) \text{ m}$$

$$d = (5,0 \pm 0,1) \text{ m}$$

Izračunati $K = \frac{a \times b}{d}$ i izraziti sa greškom

$$\frac{\Delta K}{K} = \frac{\Delta a}{a} + \frac{\Delta b}{b} + \frac{\Delta d}{d} = 0,05$$

$$\Delta K = \varepsilon_R(K) \cdot K = 4,5 = \varepsilon_A(K)$$

$$\Rightarrow K = (91 \pm 5) \text{ m}^2$$

$$h = \frac{v^2}{2g} \quad \text{gibanje tela}$$

$$v = (5.2 \pm 0.3) \text{ m/s} \quad g = (9.81 \pm 0.02) \text{ m/s}^2$$

odrediti h sa greškom

$$\frac{\Delta h}{h} = 2 \frac{\Delta v}{v} + \frac{\Delta g}{g}$$

$$h = 1.3781 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{\Delta h}{h} = 0.117$$

$$\Delta h = 0.117 \cdot h = 0.1612 \text{ m} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \Delta h = 0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$h = (1.4 \pm 0.2) \text{ m}$$

5. $E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$ kinetička energija

$$v = (5 \pm 1) \text{ m/s} \quad i \quad m = (2.0 \pm 0.1) \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{\Delta E_k}{E_k} = \frac{\Delta m}{m} + 2 \frac{\Delta v}{v} = 0.45$$

$$E_k = 20 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \quad \Delta E_k = E_k \cdot \xi_n(E_k) = 10 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$E_k = (20 \pm 10) \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

radioaktivni izvor prati sledeću jednačinu

$$A_t = A_0 e^{-kt}$$

$$\text{Ako je } t = (3.00 \pm 0.04) \text{ dana}$$

$$k = 0.0547 \text{ dana}^{-1}$$

$$A_0 = 1.23 \times 10^3 \text{ s}$$

Izračunati A_t za $t = 3 \text{ dana}$ i njemu grešku

$$t = 3 \text{ dana} \quad A_t = 1.230 \times 10^3 \text{ s} e^{-(0.0547/\text{dan}) \cdot 3 \text{ dana}}$$

$$| = 1.044 \times 10^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\Delta A_t}{A_t} = 0.0547/\text{dan} (0.04) \text{ dan} = 0.0022$$

$$\Rightarrow A_t = (1.044 \pm 0.002) \times 10^3 \text{ s}$$