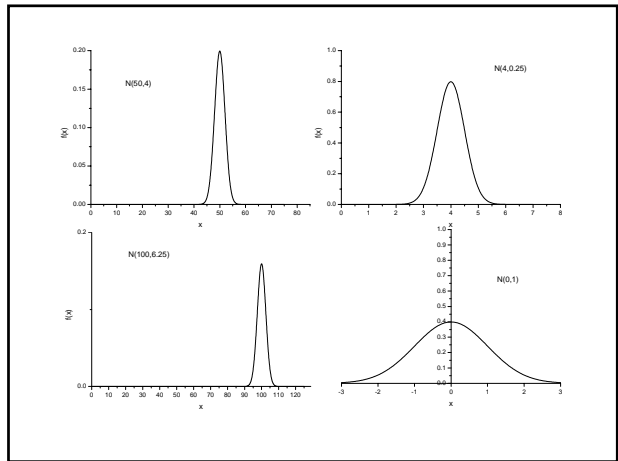
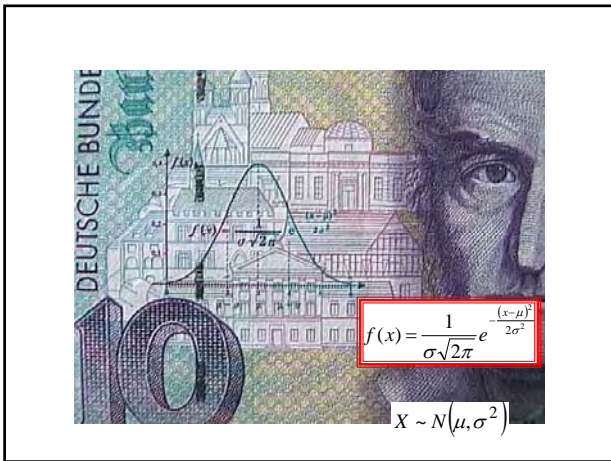


$\mu = E(X) = x_p$

$V(X) = \sigma^2$



Standardna normalna raspodjela

$Z \sim N(0,1)$

$f(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-z^2/2}$

$F(z) = \int_{-\infty}^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-y^2/2} dy$

Table A.3 Standard Normal Curve Areas

$\Phi(z) = P(Z \leq z)$

Standard normal curve density function

Standard normal curve density function

Table A.3 Standard Normal Curve Areas (cont.)

$\Phi(z) = P(Z \leq z)$

z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
-2.4	0.0081	0.0080	0.0079	0.0078	0.0077	0.0076	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072
-2.3	0.0080	0.0079	0.0078	0.0077	0.0076	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071
-2.2	0.0079	0.0078	0.0077	0.0076	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070
-2.1	0.0078	0.0077	0.0076	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069
-2.0	0.0077	0.0076	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068
-1.9	0.0076	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067
-1.8	0.0075	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066
-1.7	0.0074	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065
-1.6	0.0073	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064
-1.5	0.0072	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063
-1.4	0.0071	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062
-1.3	0.0070	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061
-1.2	0.0069	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060
-1.1	0.0068	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059
-1.0	0.0067	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058
-0.9	0.0066	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057
-0.8	0.0065	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056
-0.7	0.0064	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055
-0.6	0.0063	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054
-0.5	0.0062	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054	0.0053
-0.4	0.0061	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054	0.0053	0.0052
-0.3	0.0060	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054	0.0053	0.0052	0.0051
-0.2	0.0059	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054	0.0053	0.0052	0.0051	0.0050
-0.1	0.0058	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054	0.0053	0.0052	0.0051	0.0050	0.0049
0	0.0057	0.0056	0.0055	0.0054	0.0053	0.0052	0.0051	0.0050	0.0049	0.0048
0.1	0.0058	0.0059	0.0060	0.0061	0.0062	0.0063	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067
0.2	0.0059	0.0060	0.0061	0.0062	0.0063	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068
0.3	0.0060	0.0061	0.0062	0.0063	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069
0.4	0.0061	0.0062	0.0063	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070
0.5	0.0062	0.0063	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071
0.6	0.0063	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072
0.7	0.0064	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073
0.8	0.0065	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074
0.9	0.0066	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075
1.0	0.0067	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076
1.1	0.0068	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077
1.2	0.0069	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078
1.3	0.0070	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079
1.4	0.0071	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080
1.5	0.0072	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081
1.6	0.0073	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082
1.7	0.0074	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083
1.8	0.0075	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084
1.9	0.0076	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085
2.0	0.0077	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086
2.1	0.0078	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087
2.2	0.0079	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088
2.3	0.0080	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089
2.4	0.0081	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090
2.5	0.0082	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091
2.6	0.0083	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092
2.7	0.0084	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093
2.8	0.0085	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094
2.9	0.0086	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094	0.0095
3.0	0.0087	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094	0.0095	0.0096
3.1	0.0088	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094	0.0095	0.0096	0.0097
3.2	0.0089	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094	0.0095	0.0096	0.0097	0.0098
3.3	0.0090	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094	0.0095	0.0096	0.0097	0.0098	0.0099
3.4	0.0091	0.0092	0.0093	0.0094	0.0095	0.0096	0.0097	0.0098	0.0099	0.0100

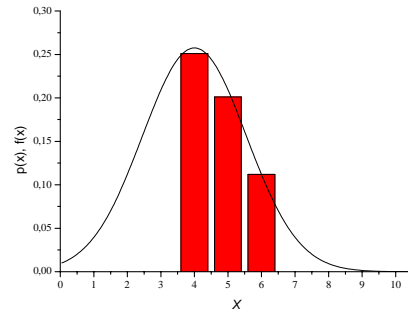
Standardiziranje općenite normalne raspodjele

$$X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

uvodimo slučajnu varijablu $Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$

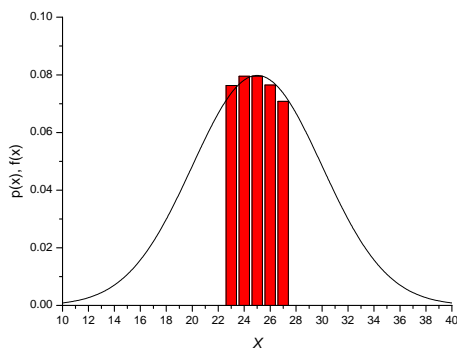
Gaussova aproksimacija binomne

$$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p) \rightarrow X \sim N(np, npq)$$



Gaussova aproksimacija Poissonove

$$X \sim \text{Po}(\lambda) \rightarrow X \sim N(\lambda, \lambda)$$



Raspodjela	Ograničenja	Aproksimacija
$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$	n velik (>50) p malen ($<0,1$)	$X \sim \text{Po}(np)$
$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$	$n > 10, p \approx 1/2$ ili $n > 30, p \neq 1/2$	$X \sim N(np, npq)$
$X \sim \text{Po}(\lambda)$	$\lambda > 20$	$X \sim N(\lambda, \lambda)$

Najvjerojatnija vrijednost mjerene veličine

Mjerimo veličinu X , a njezina prava vrijednost je x_p koju ne znamo.

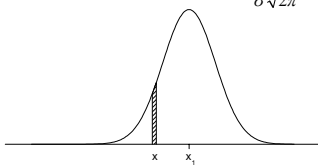
Mjerni instrument daje standardna odstupanja σ .

Obavimo *jedno* mjerenje i rezultat je x_1 .

Tražimo najvjerojatniju vrijednost za x_p .

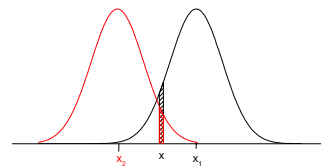
Vjerojatnost da je x_p u intervalu $(x, x + \Delta x)$ iznosi:

$$\Delta P_1 = P(x \leq x_p \leq x + \Delta x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-x_1)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \cdot \Delta x$$



Obavimo *dva* mjerenja i rezultati su x_1 i x_2 .

Tražimo najvjerojatniju vrijednost za x_p .



Vjerojatnost da je x_p u intervalu $(x, x + \Delta x)$ iznosi:

$$\Delta P = \Delta P_1 \cdot \Delta P_2 = P(x \leq x_p \leq x + \Delta x) = \frac{1}{(\sigma\sqrt{2\pi})^2} \cdot e^{-\frac{(x-x_1)^2 + (x-x_2)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \cdot (\Delta x)^2$$

Obavimo n mjerenja i rezultati su x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n .

Vjerojatnost da je x_p u intervalu $(x, x + \Delta x)$ iznosi:

$$\Delta P = \Delta P_1 \cdot \Delta P_2 \cdots \Delta P_n = \frac{1}{(\sigma\sqrt{2\pi})^n} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x-x_i)^2} \cdot (\Delta x)^n$$

Najvjerojatnija vrijednost x_p je onaj x za koji gornja funkcija ima maksimum.

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (x-x_i)^2 = \min$$

To zovemo “**princip najmanjih kvadrata**”.